Also, paper to accompany bill to pension Jacob Lybarger—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, papers to accompany bill to pension Thomas B. Lucas—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. HULL: Papers to accompany bill to pension Betsy Chapman—to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. MAYNARD: Papers to accompany bill to pension Mrs. G. H. Long—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, petition of Bolivar Sheild, of York County, Va., praying reference of war claim to the Court of Claims under the Bowman Act—to the Committee on War Claims.

By Mr. METCALF: Resolution of General George A. Custis Council, No. 22, Junior Order United American Mechanics, of Oakland, Cal., asking the enactment of a stringent immigration law—to the Committee on Immigration.

Lakrand, Cal., asking the enactment of a stringent immigration law—to the Committee on Immigration.

Also, resolution of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees of America, Division No. 92, Oakland, Cal., in favor of an eight-hour bill—to the Committee on Labor.

Also, resolution of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees of America, Division No. 92, of Oakland, Cal., in favor of the passage of anti-injunction bill—to the Committee on the Indiciary

By Mr. NEEDHAM: Resolution of Benjamin Harrison Post, o. 166, Department of California and Nevada, Grand Army of the Republic, favoring the passage of a service-pension bill—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. SKILES: Protest of Cigar Makers' Union No. 416, of Norwalk, Ohio, against passage of the Cuban reciprocity treaty—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, resolution of C. B. Gambee Post, No. 33, Bellevue, Department of Ohio, Grand Army of the Republic, favoring passage of a service pension bill—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. VAN VOORHIS: Papers to accompany bill to pension Wilson Snider—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions

Wilson Snider—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. WILEY of New Jersey: Memorial of civil-war locomotive engineers of the United States Government of Washington, D. C., favoring the passage of a bill to pension civil-war engineers—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, resolution of select and common council of Philadelphia, relative to a 35-foot channel for the Delaware River, port of Philadelphia—to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

# SENATE.

## Wednesday, November 18, 1903.

Prayer by Rev. F. J. PRETTYMAN, of the city of Washington.
The Secretary proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on request of Mr. Gallinger, and by unanimous consent, the further reading was dispensed with.
The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The Journal will stand ap-

#### PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

Mr. SCOTT presented a petition of sundry citizens of Wellsburg, W. Va., praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. REED SMOOT, a Senator from the State of Utah; which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and

Mr. DEPEW presented petitions of the congregation of the Presbyterian Church of Gowanda; of the congregation of the Presbyterian Church of Gowanda; of the congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Gowanda; of sundry citizens of Clinton and Syracuse; of the congregation of the Presbyterian Church of Bethlehem; of the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church of New Scotland; of the congregation of the Congregational Church of Baiting Hollow; of sundry citizens of Boonville and Oneida; of the Independent Order of Good Templars of Albion; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Rochester; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Esperance; of sundry citizens of Mount Vernon and Cayuga; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Huntington; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Oswego; of the Young Woman's Missionary Society of Albany; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Chazy; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of New Albion; of the Mothers' Christian Temperance Union of New Albion; of the Mothers' Christian Temperance Union of New Albion; of the Congregation of New York City; of the congregation of Olivet Methodist Episcopal Church, of Syracuse, and of the congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Manlius, all in the State of New York, praying for an investigation of the charges tion of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Manlius, all in the State of New York, praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah; which were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. KEAN presented petitions of the congregation of the Fortysixth Street Methodist Episcopal Church, of Bayonne; of the congregation of the First Reformed Church of Long Branch; of the congregation of the First Baptist Church of Long Branch; of the congregation of the St. Luke's Methodist Episcopal Church,

of Long Branch; of the congregation of the Simpson Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, of Long Branch; of the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church of Long Branch; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Long Branch; of the congregation of the Bethel Presbyterian Church, of East Orange; congregation of the Bethei Presbyterian Church, of East Orange; of the congregation of the Broad Street Methodist Episcopal Church, of Trenton; of the congregation of the Calvary Presbyterian Church, of Camden; of the congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Ebenezer; of the congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Hope; of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Hope, and of the congregation of the Central Methodist Episcopal Church of Trenton, all in the State of New Lorsey progregation of the charge medical church of the church of the charge medical church of the charge medical church of the church of Jersey, praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed

Jersey, praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah, which were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. McCOMAS presented petitions of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Monkton, of sundry citizens of Baltimore County, and of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of Buckeystown, all in the State of Maryland, praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah; which were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. BLACKBURN presented a petition of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Owensboro, Ky., praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah; which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. SPOONER presented a petition of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Bloomington, Wis., praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah; which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. BURROWS presented petitions of the congregation of the

Mr. BURROWS presented petitions of the congregation of the Congregational Church of Grand Ledge, of the Christian Endeavor Society of Plainwell, and of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the congregation of the Protestant Church of Saranac, all in the State of Michigan, praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah; which were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. PLATT of Connecticut presented petitions of the Young Men's Christian Association of Bridgeport; of Thomas Martin, of Men's Christian Association of Bridgeport; of Thomas Martin, of Bridgeport, and of sundry citizens of Bridgeport, all in the State of Connecticut, praying for an investigation of the charges made and filed against Hon. Reed Smoot, a Senator from the State of Utah; which were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. GALLINGER presented a petition of Local Union No. 43, International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, of Ashland, N. H., praying for the passage of the so-called eight-hour bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor.

Healso presented a petition of Local Union No. 43, International

He also presented a petition of Local Union No. 43, International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, of Ashland, N. H., praying for the passage of the so-called Hoar anti-injunction bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

# MEXICAN WAR PENSIONS.

Mr. GALLINGER. Mr. President, I present a petition from an organization known as The Dames of 1846, praying for an increase of pension to the survivors of the Mexican war to \$30 per month.

In this connection I should like to be permitted to state that in 1888, thirty-nine years after the close of the Mexican war, a service pension of \$8 per month was granted to the survivors and the widows. A few years after it was amended, making it \$12 per month to those who were in destitute circumstances and unable to labor, and at the last session of Congress a further amendment was made granting \$12 per month to all the survivors of the Mexican war.

I do not venture to say how much merit there is in the petition of these good women, but of course the Committee on Pensions will give it proper consideration.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The petition will be referred to the Committee on Pensions.

### COST OF PRINTING DOCUMENTS.

Mr. PLATT of New York, from the Committee on Printing, who were directed by a resolution of the Senate of March 12, 1903, to ascertain and report to the Senate the cost, for each session of the last four Congresses, of printing all such documents, other than executive or legislative documents, as may have been printed by order of the Senate, or by unanimous consent, on the request of individual Senators, submitted a report thereon.

# BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTION INTRODUCED.

Mr. CULLOM introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1321) granting a pension to Charles M. Clark;

A bill (S. 1322) granting an increase of pension to Mary E.

Dugger (with an accompanying paper);
A bill (S. 1323) granting a pension to Caroline C. Kuhn (with an accompanying paper); and
A bill (S. 1324) granting a pension to William F. Windle (with

accompanying papers).

Mr. CULLOM (by request) introduced a bill (S. 1325) for the relief of Herrera's Nephews and Gallego, Messa & Co.; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

Mr. PLATT of New York introduced a bill (S. 1326) for the restoration to citizenship of women married to aliens; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the

Judiciary

He also introduced a bill (S. 1327) authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to adjust and settle the account of James M. Willbur with the United States, and to pay said Willbur such sum of money as he may be justly and equitably entitled to; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. SCOTT introduced the following bills; which were severally

read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on

Pensions:

A bill (S. 1328) granting an increase of pension to Samuel Clark (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1329) granting an increase of pension to Anthony H. Crawford (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 1330) granting a pension to Jerry S. Fish.

Mr. GALLINGER introduced a bill (S. 1331) for the erection
of a monument in the city of Washington, D. C., to the memory
of the private soldiers of the Union armies; which was read twice

by its title, and referred to the Committee on the Library.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1332) to extend Nineteenth street
northwest from Cincinnati street to the Adams Mill road, and to acquire the triangle abutting on the east side thereof included within Cincinnati street and the Adams Mill road; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1333) to correct the military record of Orlando Lawrence; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on

Military Affairs.

He also intoduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions: A bill (S. 1334) granting a pension to Amy C. Bosworth (with

accompanying papers); and

A bill (S. 1335) granting an increase of pension to Calvin Daws

(with an accompanying paper).

Mr. BATE introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1336) for the relief of Mrs. H. B. Clay;

A bill (S. 1337) for the relief of Sarah McClay, administratrix of Robert McClay, deceased:

A bill (S. 1338) for the relief of the heirs of William Tinder,

deceased;

A bill (S. 1339) for the relief of Mary J. Roberts and her children, to wit, John Joseph Stansifer, Eva May Deakins, Octavia Baker, Annie M. Gledhill, Ida Belle Stansifer, and Charles L. Stansifer;
A bill (S. 1340) for the relief of M. Robison, administrator of

T. E. Robison, deceased;

A bill (S. 1341) for the relief of Thomas J. Powell; and A bill (S. 1342) for the relief of John L. Rhea, executor of Samuel Rhea, deceased, and John Anderson, administrator of Joseph

R. Anderson, deceased.

Mr. PETTUS introduced a bill (S. 1343) to amend an act approved March 3, 1899, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled An act to reimburse the governors of States and Territories for expenses incurred by them in aiding the United States to raise and organize and supply and equip the Volunteer Army of the United States in the existing war with Spain, approved July 8, 1898," and so forth, and for other purposes; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. McLAURIN introduced a bill (S. 1344) to quiet certain

land titles in the State of Mississippi; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1345) in aid of the common schools in Mississippi; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1346) for the relief of Mrs. S. A. E. Bailey;

A bill (S. 1347) for the relief of Mrs. Catherine P. Byrnes;

A bill (S. 1348) for the relief of Piazzo & Botto; and

A bill (S. 1349) for the relief of James K. Hamblen (with an

accompanying paper).

Mr. MALLORY introduced a bill (S. 1350) granting an increase of pension to John J. Driscoll; which was read twice by its title,

and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1351) for the relief of the legal representatives of Alfred A. Fisher, deceased; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. BALL introduced a bill (S. 1352) for the relief of Lindley C. Kent and Joseph Jenkins, as the sureties of Frank A. Webb; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1353) for the relief of George T. Hamilton; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1354) granting an increase of pension to John D. Woodward;

A bill (S. 1355) granting an increase of pension to Joseph H. Chambers;

A bill (S. 1356) granting a pension to Robert Kelly; A bill (S. 1357) granting a pension to M. Elizabeth Kent; A bill (S. 1358) granting an increase of pension to William W. Lackev: and

A bill (S. 1359) granting an increase of pension to William F. Davis.

Mr. PENROSE introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

A bill (S. 1360) for the relief of Jones & Laughlins (Limited) and

others (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1361) to reimburse James M. McGee, doctor of medicine, for expenses incurred in the burial of Mary J. De Lange, a deceased pensioner; and

A bill (S. 1362) for the relief of the Postal Telegraph Cable Com-

Mr. PENROSE introduced a bill (S. 1363) restoring the name of Henry L. Beck to the army rolls as captain, and providing that he then be placed on the retired list; which was read twice by its title, and with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pen-

A bill (S. 1364) granting an increase of pension to John Middleton; A bill (S. 1365) granting an increase of pension to Reid Mc-

Fadden: A bill (S. 1366) granting an increase of pension to Elizabeth

Rutherford (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1367) granting an increase of pension to William W.

Fiscus (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 1368) granting an increase of pension to John Simpson (with accompanying papers); and
A bill (S. 1369) granting a pension to Isabella Brockway (or

St. John) (with accompanying papers)

Mr. KEARNS introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

A bill (S. 1370) granting an increase of pension to Samuel H. W. Riter

A bill (S. 1371) granting an increase of pension to Philemon Haskins: A bill (S. 1372) granting an increase of pension to Eli Balder-

A bill (S. 1373) granting an increase of pension to John E. Henderson;

A bill (S. 1374) granting an increase of pension to Peter Burns; and

A bill (S. 1375) to extend the provisions of the act of June 27. 1902, entitled "An act to extend the provisions, limitations, and benefits of an act entitled 'An act granting pensions to the survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, inclusive, known as the Black Hawk war, Cherokee disturbances, and the Seminole war,'

approved July 27, 1892."

Mr. LODGE introduced a bill (S. 1376) to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States," approved March 3, 1903; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1377) granting a pension to Emma

L. Ferrier; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the

Committee on Pensions.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1378) to amend section 3878 of the Revised Statutes; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

Mr. McCOMAS introduced a bill (S. 1379) for repayment of duty on anthracite coal, and for other purposes; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Financa

He also introduced a bill (S. 1380) to provide for a site for a depot for the Revenue-Cutter Service; which was read twice by its

title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1381) for the relief of the heirs of John D. Clemson; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1382) to provide for the sale of lot 4, square 1113, in the city of Washington, D. C.; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1383) to award a medal of honor to Maj. John O. Skinner, surgeon, United States Army, retired; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. COCKRELL introduced a bill (S. 1384) for the relief of the University of the State of Missouri; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. OVERMAN introduced a bill (S. 1385) to correct the mili-

and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. SPOONER introduced a bill (S. 1386) granting an increase of pension to Samuel J. Lyon; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Pensions. Mr. PLATT of Connecticut introduced a bill (S. 1387) to refund

internal-revenue taxes paid by owners of private dies; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. FRYE introduced the following bills: which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pen-

A bill (S. 1388) granting an increase of pension to Orson H. Sawtelle (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 1389) granting an increase of pension to Frederick O.

Graffam (with an accompanying paper).

Mr. FRYE introduced a joint resolution (S. R. 12) for the erection of a monument to the memory of Dorothea Lynde Dix; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on the Library.

#### JULIA C. BRADLEY.

Mr. QUARLES submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate:

Resolved. That the Secretary of the Senate be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to Julia C. Bradley, widow of David B. Bradley, late lieutenant of police in the Capitol of the United States, a sum equal to six months' salary at the rate he was receiving by law at the time of his demise, said sum to be considered as including funeral expenses and all other allowances.

#### IMPROVEMENTS ON COAST OF NEW JERSEY.

Mr. DRYDEN submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered by unanimous consent, and agreed to:

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Secretary of War cause an examination and survey to be made for the purpose of ascertaining the cost and feasibility of extending a 16-foot channel of suitable width from the present channel north of Corner Stake light in an easterly direction and north of Shooters Island to Kill van Kull, to straighten and increase the width of waterway at Shooters Island and relieve the congestion of commerce at that point; also, a like examination and survey for the purpose of ascertaining the cost and feasibility of removing the reef at Bergen Point light and deepening to 16 feet and improving and straightening the channel between Kill van Kull and Elizabethport, with a plan or plans for making such improvements and estimates thereof.

### PROPOSED GRAVING DOCK.

Mr. MALLORY. I submit a resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The resolution was read, as follows:

Resolved. That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to inform the Senate whether or not it is desirable, in the interest of the Navy, that the Government of the United States should construct and own a graving dock, of capacity sufficient to dock the largest battle ships of the Navy, at some port on the coast of the United States, on the Gulf of Mexico, and if in his judgment the same is desirable to also inform the Senate at what port on said coast such dock should be located, and the probable cost of the same when completed.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

Mr. PENROSE. I move the reference of the resolution to the

Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. MALLORY. If the Senator from Pennsylvania will permit me, I will state that my object is to get the information for the use of the Committee on Naval Affairs in time to enable the committee to consider it when the appropriation bill comes

Mr. PENROSE. I ask that the resolution may go over under the rule

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. It will go over under the rule.

#### HARBOR OF ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.

Mr. MALLORY submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a survey to be made of the harbor of St. Petersburg, on Tampa Bay, in Florida, with a view to securing an adequate basin at said point for loading and unloading ocean-going vessels, with a channel 200 feet in width and 24 feet in depth, from said basin to the main ship channel in Tampa Bay.

#### TREATY OF 1848 WITH NEW GRANADA.

Mr. SPOONER submitted the following resolution; which was considered by unanimous consent, and agreed to:

Resolved. That the treaty of peace, amity, navigation, and commerce entered into between the United States and New Granada, proclaimed June 12, 1848, be printed as a Senate document.

Mr. PLATT of Connecticut. I move that the Senate adjourn. The motion was agreed to; and (at 12 o'clock and 20 minutes p. m.) the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, Thursday, November 19, 1903, at 12 o'clock m.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Wednesday, November 18, 1903.

The House met at 12 o'clock m.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. Henry N. Couden, D. D. The Journal of yesterday's proceedings was read and approved. CUBAN RECIPROCITY.

The SPEAKER. In pursuance of the resolution adopted heretofore, the House resolves itself into Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill H. R. 1921, and the gentleman from New York, Mr. Sher-MAN, will take the chair.

The House accordingly resolved itself into Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, Mr. Sherman in the

The CHAIRMAN. The House is in Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill H. R. 1921, the title of which will be announced by the

The Clerk read as follows:

A bill (H. R. 1921) to carry into effect a convention between the United States and the Republic of Cuba, signed on the 11th day of December, in the year 1902.

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Chairman, I now yield one hour to the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. GROSVENOR].
Mr. GROSVENOR. Mr. Chairman, the question under consid-

eration is the question of whether or not the House of Representatives, as a part of the legislative department of the Government, will consent to or approve the so-called Cuban reciprocity treaty. The debate has taken a very wide and somewhat diversified range. I do not believe there is anyone here less anxious to debate this question than I am, and I would be glad to yield the floor this moment to a motion that the committee rise and take a vote on the ment to a motion that the committee rise and take a vote on the passage of the bill. But the opportunity is given for general debate, and under that head we have had a variety. I regret very much that we have not had any discussion on the other side of the House on the question of the Panama Canal. I had expected that an alert minority charged with no duty except that of patriotism, and not overwhelmed with that [laughter], would have brought into the arena of public debate discussion of a question of so much importance and of such novelty in the matter of the relation of our Government to another alleged republic

Government to another alleged republic.

I use the word "alleged" in ignorance of the exact condition, while believing that the position of the Administration is unassailable and that it will redound to the honor and glory of the American people. I congratulate the other side that it has had the wisdom to avoid the danger of again antagonizing the country. Coming for a few moments only to the real question, I desire

to trace the progress of this treaty and the reason why it is a pertinent question before the House of Representatives. I do not pertinent question before the House of Representatives. I do not consent that any vote that I may give here and now shall be challenged on the other side hereafter or now as reflecting upon my lenged on the other side hereafter or now as reflecting upon my relation to the great dominating question of protection to American industries and as reflecting upon my standing as an unyielding protectionist. I have never felt any anxiety when I have been assailed on this side of the House occasionally. I have never felt that there was any question in the minds of anybody for whose opinion I had a high regard as to whether I had been faithful now and always to the principle of protection as enunciated by the Republican party. On the other side of the House we are congratulated. The gentleman from New York [Mr. Mc-Clellan] has, in a speech made yesterday, laid the foundation, I hope, for a great career in American politics.

I rather desire to nominate him upon some portions of his speech

I rather desire to nominate him upon some portions of his speech as a Democratic candidate for President. He has some advan-tages over all the other candidates. No man on this floor has